EXHIBIT C Part 1 of 2

Lupin's Arguments re Irreparable Injury and Recall

December 2, 2011

Sciele Pharma, Inc., et al. v. Lupin Ltd., et al.

C.A. No. 09-037 (D.Del)

Summary of Lupin's Arguments

- Every one of Shionogi's claimed harms is quantifiable
 - Loss of sales for whatever reason can be calculated and quantified
- Shionogi's claimed injuries are not supported by any case-specific evidence
 - Facts show Shionogi gave up on Fortamet® market well before Lupin's launch
- Shionogi essentially argues that generic launches routinely should be enjoined, although preliminary injunction is an extraordinary remedy
- The exceptional and unusual relief of recall is unwarranted

Shionogi's Market for Fortamet® Was Declining Long Before Lupin's Launch

Shionogi stopped sales and promotion efforts in August 2010

Melloy Decl., ¶ 12, Tab 1

 According to a Shionogi executive: "in financial terms,
 Shionogi decided that there would not be an adequate return on investment to justify the expense of active promotion"

Melloy Decl., ¶ 12, Tab 1

Shionogi stopped promoting even though it recognized that promotional activities were necessary to slow market decline

2010 Fortamet® Brand Plan, SHIO 019389, 019396, Tab 2

Shionogi never captured more than about 1% of the market

2010 Fortamet® Brand Plan, SHIO 019389, Tab 2

 Unit sales were declining for several years; Shionogi's response was to raise prices

 $For tamet ^{\circ}\ IMS\ Data, Tab\ 3; Hoffman\ Decl., \P\ 25\ and\ Ex.\ A, Tabs\ 4\ and\ 5; LUP\ 0066407-413,\ 0066418,\ Tab\ 21$

Even Before Lupin's Launch, Shionogi Expected the Market to Continue to Decline

Before Lupin's launch, Shionogi forecast that its market would shrink approximately 25% from FY 2011 to FY 2012

SHIO 019556, Tab 9

 Forecast net sales without generic entry was \$51.2 million in FY 2011 (annualized) and \$38.5 million in FY 2012

SHIO 019556, Tab 9

Shionogi Essentially Abandoned the 500 mg Fortamet® Market One Year Before Lupin's Launch

 Sharply decreasing sales of 500 mg; orders not being filled for several months

Fortamet® IMS Data, Tab 3; Hoffman Decl., ¶ 14, Tab 4

 "[B]ecause of a manufacturing issue that Watson detected in November 2010"

Melloy Decl., ¶ 15, Tab 1

 "[M]anufacturing issue" not expected to be resolved until the week of October 24, 2011 (almost one year later)

Melloy Decl., ¶ 15, Tab 1

 Absence of 500 mg product caused further erosion to Fortamet® franchise irrespective of Lupin launch

Hoffman Decl., ¶ 15, Tab 4

Shionogi decided to emphasize the 1,000 mg dosage in 2010 marketing

2010 Fortamet® Brand Plan, SHIO 019398, Tab 2

Fortamet® Already Competes In a 'Highly Saturated' 'Genericized Market'

- According to Shionogi's Fortamet® Business Plan 2008:
 - Market is "highly saturated with generic equivalents"
 - Fortamet® "currently competes against 14 generic metformin extended release formulations and 22 generic metformin immediate release formulations in addition to a new branded extended release formulation – Glumetza"
 - Fortamet® also competes against five other branded metformin combination products

SHIO 019367, Tab 6

 Watson's authorized generic is likely to join this crowded field

Agreement to License, SHIO 019467-468, Tab 7

Authorized Generic Fortamet®

 License Agreement permits Watson to launch an authorized generic

SHIO 019467-468, Tab 7

- Even if Lupin is no longer on the market
- Watson will pay a royalty to Shionogi

SHIO 019511, Tab 7

- Arms-length negotiation is significant proof that damages are quantifiable
- Failure to provide for brand control or cessation of marketing if generic is removed from the market is significant proof that money damages will suffice
- Shionogi paid 8% royalty to Watson before the Lupin launch

SHIO 019457, Tab 7

Delay Further Illustrates No Irreparable Injury

Warnings of launch

Wall Street Journal two days before launch

Tab 10

Wall Street Journal in June

Tab 11

Lupin CEO conversation with Shionogi CEO

Gupta Decl., ¶ 9, Tab 8

- Settlement negotiations
 - Shionogi requested notice letters in June, not later

Tabs 12 and 13

Termination of settlement agreement

Gupta Decl., ¶ 8, Tab 8; Hoffman Decl., ¶ 36, Tab 4; Settlement and Release Agreement, Tab 14

Market information

Shionogi's Slow Reaction Shows Lack of Irreparable Harm

Despite information about launch on Friday, there was no contact until late Sunday morning and then only asked for "confirmation" the next day – three days after launch

E-mail correspondence, Tab 15

- Once confirmed, Shionogi did not seek a TRO or prompt standstill, but requested a lengthy briefing schedule
- No standstill for almost three weeks and premarketing was allowed to continue

Shionogi Had Given Up on Fortamet® Market Before Lupin Launched

Sales were never strong to begin with; 1% of the market at best

2010 Fortamet® Brand Plan, SHIO 019389, Tab 2

 Sales continued to decline; Shionogi projected 25% decline from FY 2011 to FY 2012 (even without generic competition)

SHIO 019556, Tab 9

- Shionogi's short-term strategy: milk the market for what it can get now
 - Raised prices despite falling volume
 - 500 mg issue left unresolved for a year
 - Stopped promoting one year ago
 - Apparently no long-term plans for Fortamet® market

Indications That Watson Will Launch Authorized Generic

- Standstill does not bar premarketing
- Market information from customers activities of Watson's sales representatives

Hoffman Decl., ¶ 5, Tab 4

Watson e-mails showing preparations

SHIO 019419-421, Tab 16; AND 184710-711, Tab 17

Shionogi's Claimed Harms Are Either Quantifiable or Completely Speculative

Quantifiable

- Lost sales are quantifiable, whether to Lupin, Mylan, or Watson
- Loss of formulary position is just another explanation for lost sales

Speculative

- Loss of goodwill
- Lost jobs
- Shutdown of Shionogi U.S.

Shionogi's Claimed Harms Are Just Lost Sales Dressed Up in Different Clothing

Merely reasons for why sales will be lost

Formulary position

Gleason/Hofmann Decl., ¶ 55-56 and Ex. 23, Tabs 24 and 25; 2008 Business Plan, SHIO 019367, Tab 6

- Almost all formularies have Fortamet® on Tier 3 now
- Glucophage experience unlikely to be unlisted even with generic option
- Lower prices
- Authorized generic or other generic competition
- Loss of goodwill leading patients to other metformin products

Dollar Value of Lost Sales Is Easily Calculated

- Mature market much historic information
- IMS data will show pre- and post-launch sales
- Shionogi's own projections
- Decrease in orders is quantifiable
- The entire Fortamet® franchise is forecast at \$38.5 million for FY 2012 and has been in rapid decline
- Undisputed that Lupin has the ability to pay damages

Gupta Decl., ¶ 5, Tab 5; Lupin Annual Report 2011, Tab 18

Shionogi's Claimed 'Complications' and 'Uncertainties' Only Go to the Reasons for Lost Sales

- Other generics
- Mylan on market in one year
- Authorized generic
- Most "uncertainties" will be known by time of trial
- Maximum damages is the total size of the market,
 which is known so it is quantifiable
- These are questions of allocation, not computation

No Evidence, Just Speculation

- Claims of non-economic injury are not supported by any evidence or document
 - Problems with Japanese parent
 - Customer reaction to prices and loss of goodwill
 - Loss of jobs
 - Inability to market new products
- Shionogi has shown ability to react to generic competition
 - History
 - Projections

E.g., SHIO 019556, Tab 9; SHIO 019391, Tab 2

Supposed Problems With Japanese Parent And Shutdown of Shionogi U.S.

- Nothing other than conclusory statement by Melloy
- Reason for acquisition remains U.S. outlet

Shionogi Annual Report 2011, Tab 19

 Still \$250 million in net sales from Shionogi U.S. without Fortamet[®]

SHIO 019411, Tab 22

Shionogi 2011 Annual Report indicates sticking with U.S. subsidiary despite its problems; indicates any problems are structural, not due to Lupin launch

Shionogi Annual Report 2011, Tab 19

 October 28, 2011 press release about revised forecasts does not mention generic Fortamet® competition

LUP 0066407-0066410, Tab 21

Customer Reaction to Prices and Loss of Goodwill

- No evidence regarding Shionogi's concern that higher prices will result in loss of goodwill
 - Shionogi has raised prices in the past without generic competition Hoffman Decl., Ex. A, Tab 5
 - Shionogi raised prices since launch

LUP 0066407-413, 0066418, Tab 20

- Concern not reflected in business reports or non-litigation documents
- Facts suggest lack of price sensitivity among customers
 - Customer base held at about 3,000 doctors despite price increase

Melloy Decl., ¶ 10, Tab 1

Existing metformin generic competition